store these products in Kashmir so that the September phenomenon is not repeated in Kashmir which is not only against the interest of consumers but also against national interest?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRI BRAHM DUTT): (a) to (c) Extremely heavy rains caused major landslides resulting in the sudden closure on September 23, 1988 of the Jammu Srinagar National Highway. This led to low stock position of petroleum products at Srinagar. In order to augment stocks at Srinagar and help in meeting the requirement of petroleum products, and since the time by which heavy traffic on the Highway could be resumed was uncertain, the air-lifting of these products was finalised and was undertaken between October 1 and 12, 1988 as a special measure. Supplies by the normal road route were resumed and stepped up after the reopening of the Highway Adequae storage capacity in the Kashmir valley being the best means of ensuring availability of petroleum products there, the Oil Industry had planned to set up additional tankage at Srinagar and had requested the Government of Jammu & Kashmir in December, 1984 for making land available for this purpose. The land required has been made available to the Oil Industry of November 16, 1988. Supplies into the Valley are being closely monitored by the Oil Industry.

Assessment of DPE account

1253. PROF. C. LAKSHMANNA:

SHRI DAYANAND SAHAY:

Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to refer to the answer to Unstarred Question 3282 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 22nd August, 1988 and state:

(a) whether is is a fact that recovery into DPE account involve assessment by the expert body of amount due than its recovery;

(b) wheher it is also a fact that members constituting the team are not experts but individuals who are neither drawn from the Ministry nor the BIDP;

(c) whether it is a fact that this team has given lot of concessions to the drug companies who have overcharged the consumer and on account of concessions the amount due against the Hoechst, Cyanamid, Pifizer and other companies have been reduced;

(d) what are the details of drugs and formulations involved based on which the amount has been arrived at against each company;

(e) when were the recommendations of the team submitted to Government; and

(f) whether his Ministry have examined the report; if so, what are their views thereon?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY (SHRI J. VENGALRAO): (a) and (b) The members of the special team constituted for the assessment of amount due from the companies involved in the Supreme Court are:

(1) Shri S. Guria, Dy. Secretary, Deptt. of Chemicals & Petrochemicals.

(2) Shri R. N. Tandon, Jt. Director. Deptt. of Chemicals & Petro-Chemicals.

(3) Shri C. L. Arora, Dy. Director, (Cost), Bureau of Indl. Costs & Prices, (Now Jt. Director, Cost Accounts Branch)

(4) Shri Ashok Chopra, Sr. Investigator. Dept. of Chemicals and Petro-chemicals.

(c) The amounts recoverable from the companies have been assessed with

reference to the data submitted by the companies and verified by the special team.

(d) The details of drugs and formulations involved in the assessment of amount is quite voluminous. The time and efforts required for collection of these details will not be in commensurate with the results likely to be achieved.

(e) and (f) The special team has submitted its report in March, 1988 in respect of one company and in May, 1988 in respect of 6 company.

Self-sufficiency in crude and petroleum products

1254. SHRI M. VINCENT: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS be pleased to state:

(a) the quantity and value of indigenous crude as well as imported crude consumed in the country in our refineries during the year 1987-88;

(b) whether our country has exported any quantity of crude or petroleum products during the above year and if so, the value thereof and the countries to which exported; and

(c) by when the country is likely to achieve self-sufficiency in Petroleum as per the latest planning and programme in oil exploration and drilling?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRI BRAHM DUTT): (a) The quantity and value of indigenous and imported crude processed in the country during 1987-88 is given below:

	Qty. (MT)	Value (Rs./Crores)
Indigenous crude	29 184	5291 05
Imported crude	18.551	3'50.58

(b) There was no export of crude during 1987-88. A quantity of 3412 thousand tonnes of petroleum products was exported at an approximate value of Rs. 648.75 crores. These exports were made to various traders in the spot market and those traders in turn, sold the same to various other traders/consumers. It is therefore, not possible to identify the countries to which these products were exported.

(c) It is not possible to say with any degree of certainty as to when self-sufficiency will be achieved.

Assignment of Trademark 'TANG' to Kothari General Foods

1255. SHRI SURESH KALMADI:
SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN:

Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Trade Mark TANG has been assigned to Kothari General Foods, with a condition that it be re-assigned back to the American General Foods, if General Foods shareholding is less than 33 1/3 per cent, and other various conditions;

(b) if so, whether the trade mark has now become a Foreign Trade mark or it is an Indian Trade Mark; and

(c) whether Government will ensure that no trade mark is assigned to a foreign company and issue appropriate guidelines in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSRY (SHRI M. ARUNACHALAM): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The Trade & Merchandise Marks Act, 1958, does not define the 'foreign trade mark' or 'Indian trade mark'. However, if a trade mark is registered in the name of a foreign national or a foreign company (i.e.